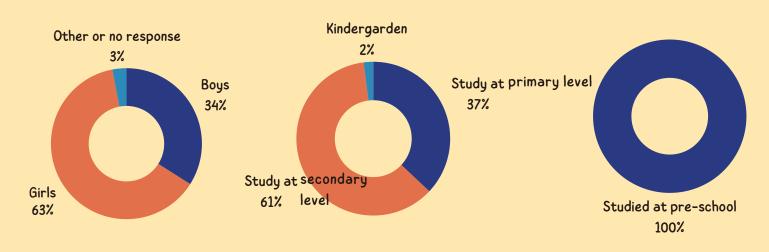


What we know about the children who filled out the survey?

68 children replied to the survey. Most of them were 12, 13 and 14 years old, while the youngest was 5 years old.



What did they say in their replies?

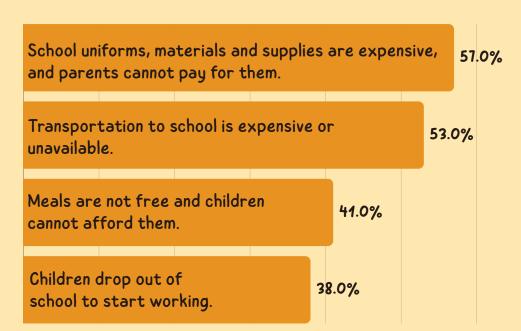
What makes it difficult for children to attend pre-primary school?

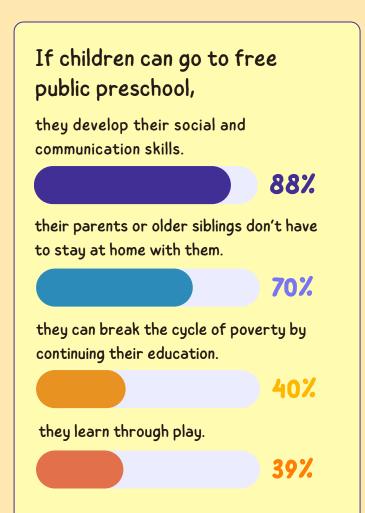


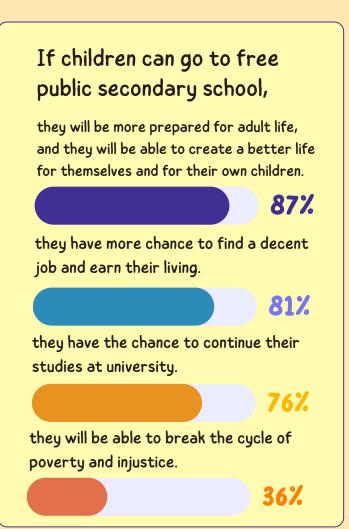
What makes it difficult for children to attend secondary school?



Preschool is not free and is expensive.									61.0%	
Children support		•	•			or	46.	0%		
There is a language barrier between the children and the teachers.										
Parents benefits.	are	not	aware	e of	its	41.0	%			
They transpor	cann tation		pay	fo	or 3	39.0%	•			







In Canada, schooling is compulsory for children between the age of 6 and 16-18.

Depending on the province, 1 to 2 years of preschool education and 12 years of

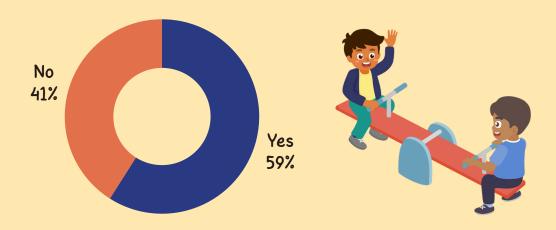
primary and secondary education is free.

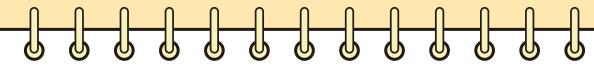


What children in Canada said about access to free public preprimary and secondary education?

CONTINUE

Do some children have a harder time or greater challenges attending public pre-primary and secondary school than other children?





Who are these children?

- Children with health conditions including mental health issues
- Children with disabilities
- Children who might face harassment because of their sexual orientation or gender identity
- Pregnant girls or young mothers
- Children from indigenous communities
- Migrant children
- Children from religious minorities



What should governments do to make sure that all children can attend public pre-primary and public secondary education for free?



To provide high quality free education in all regions and areas by building public schools and making online education available (80%)



To provide free school meals, textbooks, uniforms (77%)



To adapt the school environment to be inclusive and offer integrated or alternative learning methods for those who need it (49%)



To provide mental health services for children at schools (46%)



To encourage parents to send their children to school, particularly families from vulnerable communities (39%)



To give scholarships (35%)



This sheet was prepared based on the survey conducted by Sarah, from Canada, member of the Children's Advisory Team

of Child Rights Connect in May 2025.